



# **Scyld Cloud Workstation Documentation**

*Release 10.2.0*

**Penguin Computing**

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## ABOUT SCYLD CLOUD WORKSTATION

Scyld Cloud Workstation 10.2.0, commit 9b7297b81abb0bcebf586f30232f60432703f58d.



## INTRODUCTION

Scyld Cloud Workstation is a web server that provides secure, easy remote access to teams working on Linux, Windows, and MacOS workstations through standard web browsers, eliminating the need for client-side installations and changes to firewall policies.

This document describes system requirements, installation, configuration, and usage.



## SERVER REQUIREMENTS

This section describes the hardware and software requirements for the workstation hosting the Scyld Cloud Workstation server.

### 3.1 Server OS

Scyld Cloud Workstation is supported and tested on the following 64-bit operating systems:

- CentOS 6 and 7
- Windows 7, 8, and 10
- MacOS 10.13 (High Sierra), 10.14 (Mojave), and 10.15 (Catalina)

Beta support is available for:

- Ubuntu 16 and 18

**Attention:** There is a known graphics issue with older GNOME 3 Shell based systems (GNOME 3 and GDM) on machines that don't have an attached monitor. We recommend upgrading to GNOME 3.28+ or using the MATE desktop environment and LightDM as a workaround.

If you require other versions of Windows, RedHat, and Debian based flavors of Linux, please contact Penguin Computing for additional support.

### 3.2 Server Hardware

We recommend the following CPU, Memory, and GPU:

Server-Side	Recommended
CPU	Intel Core i5, one core per monitor + 1
Memory	2 GB
GPU	Any

### 3.3 Server NVIDIA NVFBC Support (Optional)

Scyld Cloud Workstation can autodetect and utilize the NVFBC feature available on servers with GRID, Tesla, and Quadro 2000+ NVIDIA GPUs.

For older GRID GPUs, we recommend NVIDIA driver version 369.49 on Windows and 361.42 in Linux.

For Tesla and Quadro 2000+ GPUs, we recommend NVIDIA driver version 391.3 or later for Windows and 410.66 or later for Linux.

### 3.4 Server Network

The server's bandwidth (BW) requirements is the sum of the bandwidth required by all connected clients.

A client's bandwidth requirements is the sum of the video bandwidth and the audio bandwidth. Video bandwidth depends on the display resolutions, the selected video encoding, and the number of displays. These bandwidth values can be found in *Client Requirements*. Note that even though multiple clients may be sharing the same desktop, each client needs its own connection to that screen with its own bandwidth usage.

By default, audio bandwidth is 1.411 Mbps when it is enabled by the end-user. When audio is disabled by the end-user, it consumes no bandwidth.

To calculate the maximum server bandwidth (BW) requirements, use the following equations:

$$\text{Video BW Per User} = \text{Displays per User} * \text{BW per Display}$$
$$\text{Audio BW Per User} = 1.411 \text{ Mbps}$$
$$\text{Max Server BW} = \text{Users} * (\text{Video BW per User} + \text{Audio BW per User})$$

For example, if we want to plan for a single user to have video and audio access to a server that has a single display showing at 1080p with our normal (lossy) encoding:

$$\text{Video BW Per User} = 1 \text{ display} * 6 \text{ Mbps} = 6 \text{ Mbps}$$
$$\text{Audio BW Per User} = 1.411 \text{ Mbps}$$
$$\text{Max Server BW} = 1 \text{ user} * (6 \text{ Mbps} + 1.411 \text{ Mbps}) = 7.411 \text{ Mbps}$$

As a second example, if we want to plan for three users to have video and audio access to a server that has dual displays showing at 2K with our normal (lossy) encoding:

$$\text{Video BW Per User} = 2 \text{ displays} * 12 \text{ Mbps} = 24 \text{ Mbps}$$
$$\text{Audio BW Per User} = 1.411 \text{ Mbps}$$
$$\text{Max Server BW} = 3 \text{ users} * (24 \text{ Mbps} + 1.411 \text{ Mbps}) = 76.233 \text{ Mbps}$$

### 3.5 Server Screen Resolutions

The performance of the remote access is partly dependent on the server's screen resolution and the client's ability to process that resolution quickly.

Scyld Cloud Workstation allows system administrators to pick a maximum screen resolution width and height in the config file (by default 1920x1080). If the user attempts to change the screen resolution above this setting, then the video scales down automatically. This can alleviate situations where users set the screen resolution so high that their client machine becomes unusable.

For most users, we recommend our default values. If you'd like to test higher screen resolutions, we recommend doing so with gradual increases.

**Warning:** Changing screen resolutions has two known issues:

1. **Multiple rapid resolution changes may lead to service instability.** Changing the screen resolution more than 5 times over a few seconds may cause the service to restart or quit.

For more information about changing screen resolutions, see *Change Screen Resolution*.

## 3.6 Server Audio

Scyld Cloud Workstation will stream audio from a remote server if it has a functional audio device and proper drivers. In Linux, pulseaudio is required and is already installed by default in CentOS 7+ and Ubuntu 16+. CentOS 6 remote audio is not supported.

If Scyld Cloud Workstation is installed on a Windows VM, you may need to install Screen Capture Recorder to enable audio support. Screen Capture Recorder has been tested in Windows 10 and can be downloaded from the URL below:

<https://github.com/rdp/screen-capture-recorder-to-video-windows-free/releases/download/0.12.10/Setup.Screen.Capturer.Recorder.v0.12.10.exe>

MacOS users must follow the instructions in *Install Blackhole for MacOS Audio* for instructions on adding MacOS Audio Support.

## 3.7 OpenSSL

OpenSSL is an open source implementation of the SSL and TLS protocols and must be installed on the server host. Most Linux distributions have this installed by default, but in Windows this is installed by the Scyld Cloud Workstation server-side installer.

## 3.8 SSL Certificate

An SSL certificate signed by a trusted certificate authority is used to provide encryption and authentication for a client's HTTPS connection to the Scyld Cloud Workstation web server. By default, Scyld Cloud Workstation comes with a self-signed SSL certificate and private key that should not be used in secure production environments.

For more information on generating SSL certificates, see *Setup*.





## CLIENT REQUIREMENTS

You can connect to the server using either an HTML5 browser or our native client (Scyld Cloud Workstation Client).

### 4.1 Client Hardware and Network

Client-side hardware and network requirements are largely based on the server's screen resolution and the number of pixels changing on the screen at a given time.

The table below shows CPU and Network requirements when remoting a single full screen movie using our normal video encoder at 24-30 frames per second. Turning on audio streaming will consume an additional 1.411 Mbps of bandwidth.

Table 4.1: Normal Video Recommendations

Server Resolution	Network (Mbps)	CPU, Native Client	CPU, Chrome
1280 x 720	3	Intel Core i5	Intel Core i5
1920 x 1080	6	Intel Core i5	Intel Core i7-3520M
2560 x 1440	12	Intel Core i7-3520M	Intel Core i7-2600K
3840 x 2160	25	Intel Core i7-2600K	Intel Core i7-5775C

The tables below show recommendations for visually lossless and lossless video encodings, respectively. These options are only accessible with the native client.

Table 4.2: Visually Lossless Video Recommendations

Server Resolution	Network (Mbps)	CPU, Native Client
1280 x 720	11	Intel Core i7-3520M
1920 x 1080	22	Intel Core i7-3520M
2560 x 1440	32	Intel Core i7-3520M
3840 x 2160	64	Intel Core i7-2600K

Table 4.3: Lossless Video Recommendations

Server Resolution	Network (Mbps)	CPU, Native Client
1280 x 720	65	Intel Core i7-2600K
1920 x 1080	125	Intel Core i7-2600K
2560 x 1440	200	Intel Core i7-5775C
3840 x 2160	400	Intel Core i7-5775C

**Note:** The Scyld Cloud Workstation Client is more optimized than the Chrome Browser so it requires lower CPU resources to achieve the same frame rate.

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**Note:** Acceptable network latency is application and workflow dependent. In some cases, 150ms may be acceptable. Performance may degrade if the client is running background applications that consume significant amounts of CPU time, memory, or network bandwidth.

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## 4.2 Web Browser

The following web browsers are supported and listed in order of performance:

- Chrome 30+
- FireFox 27-37, 39+
- Internet Explorer 11+, Edge 44.17763.1.0
- Safari 7+

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**Note:** Chrome 30+ provides the best performance and is recommended.

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**Note:** FireFox 52.4.0 in CentOS 7 is known to have screen flickering issues. Please update to 60.8 and above.

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These browsers by default enable TLS 1.2, WebGL and WebSocket features that are necessary for security and optimal Scyld Cloud Workstation performance. While WebSocket support is a hard requirement, Scyld Cloud Workstation is capable of running without WebGL support at reduced performance levels.

The following links can be used to determine if your browser supports necessary features for an optimal Scyld Cloud Workstation experience:

Browser Feature	Test for Browser Support
Security Protocol TLS 1.2	<a href="https://www.ssllabs.com/ssltest/viewMyClient.html">https://www.ssllabs.com/ssltest/viewMyClient.html</a>
WebGL	<a href="https://get.webgl.org/">https://get.webgl.org/</a>
WebSockets	<a href="http://websocketstest.com/">http://websocketstest.com/</a>

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**Note:** TLS 1.2 is the current standard used to secure HTTPS connections as of the writing of this document.

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## 4.3 Scyld Cloud Workstation Client

Scyld Cloud Workstation Client is a native client that requires a separate application installation on local machines. It is nearly identical to the web browser, but it includes some additional benefits:

- faster frame rates at higher screen resolutions
- lossless and visually lossless video support
- audio support
- support for keyboard shortcuts reserved by web browsers (for example: `Ctrl + T`, `Ctrl + N`, `Ctrl + W`)

Scyld Cloud Workstation Client is supported and tested on the following 64-bit operating systems:

- CentOS 7
- Windows 7, 8, and 10
- MacOS 10.13 (High Sierra), 10.14 (Mojave), and 10.15 (Catalina)

Beta support is available for:

- Ubuntu 16 and 18

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**Note:** OpenGL 2.1 support is required.

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## FEATURE REQUIREMENTS

Scyld Cloud Workstation features are designed to be ready to use across all platforms that meet the recommended hardware and operating systems listed above. Some of these features include:

- Authentication over Active Directory, LDAP, PAM, SCAuth, RHV OAuth2, and more
- Secure HTTPS communication
- Video playback up to 1440p
- Audio
- Multi-display support
- Text paste
- Quality of Service adaptation
- US keyboard and mouse support
- Collaboration

A few features have additional requirements. These are organized by server-side operating system below:

### 5.1 All Operating Systems:

- **4K Video:**
  1. Set `Server.Video.MaxWidth` and `Server.Video.MaxHeight` to -1 in the XML config file.
  2. Connect with the native client instead of a browser for best performance.
- **Lossless and Visually Lossless Video:**
  1. Connect with the native client instead of a browser.

### 5.2 Windows:

- **Audio:**
  1. Only if you are running the server on a Windows Virtual Machine: Download and install Screen Capture Recorder 0.12.

## 5.3 MacOS:

- **Audio:**

1. Download and install Blackhole 0.2.6. See *Install Blackhole for MacOS Audio* for more information.
2. Note: Audio is not supported on MacOS Virtual Machines.

## RELEASE NOTES

This page lists the version history of Scyld Cloud Workstation releases.

### 6.1 What's New in v10.2.0

- Improved audio settings to CD-Audio quality
- Improved audio-video sync by lowering default **Audio.Output.BufferTime** to 0.020s
- Added support for 8, 16, and 24 values to **Audio.Output.BitsPerSample**
- Added support for additional **Audio.Output.SampleRate** values
- Added ability to restart audio by toggling audio button
- Updated documentation for bandwidth and hardware requirements
- Fixed OS credentials login conflicts
- Fixed Linux user name detection
- Fixed Linux “Test AudioSource: pipe failed ‘Too many files open’”
- Fixed Windows NvFBC multi-screen mouse cursor positioning
- Fixed Windows adding config file credentials dynamically
- Fixed MacOS for multiple user accounts
- Fixed MacOS login
- Fixed MacOS audio detection
- Fixed MacOS launcher

### 6.2 Version History

#### 6.2.1 v10.1.1

- Fixed issue with Chrome not being able to sign in over HTTP
- Fixed issue with incomplete Config File Credentials preventing other sign ins

### 6.2.2 v10.1.0

- Added **server support for MacOS** 10.13, 10.14, and 10.15
- Added **client support for MacOS** 10.13, 10.14, and 10.15
- Added **on-screen performance monitor** to client
- Improved audio-video sync by lowering **Audio.Output.BufferTime** to 0.045s

### 6.2.3 v10.0.0

- Added **two-channel audio** for Windows 10, CentOS 7, and Ubuntu 16 servers. See the *Server Audio* section for more information
- Increased **Server.Video.MaxWidth** and **Server.Video.MaxHeight** to 1440p (2560x1440)
- Added **RHV Authentication Support**
- Added **support for IPv6**
- Updated Windows OpenSSL to 1.1.1g
- Fixed issue with High DPI scaling in Windows native client
- Fixed browser support for NvFBC at 4K resolutions

### 6.2.4 v9.2.1

- Fixed issue with visually lossless slider not updating in multi-display, multi-user situation

### 6.2.5 v9.2.0

- Added support for **visually lossless video** (single user, native client only)
- Improved lossless video performance
- Added support for Chrome 80's new SameSite cookie policy
- Fixed display detection error handling in linux startup script

### 6.2.6 v9.1.11

- Fixed custom application cursors not showing in Windows
- Fixed fullscreen button not showing for Guest users
- Changed UI to inform when no users have keyboard and mouse control

### 6.2.7 v9.1.10

- Added security patch to **Server.Auth.OSAuthEnabled** for Windows
- Fixed screen resolution changing in CentOS 7.7
- Fixed pausing and resuming guest video
- Fixed video halting when switching to Ctrl+Alt+Del menu in Windows 7



- Fixed black box cursor when connecting over a VM
- Added error messaging for missing PEM file
- Fixed ERR\_BAD\_SSL\_CLIENT\_AUTH\_CERT connection error
- Improved log file messaging
- Improved screen scaling support

### 6.2.8 v9.1.9

- Fixed QoS to react faster to network changes
- Increased default **Server.Video.AvgBitRate** to 1280x720=3000k, 1920x1080=6000k
- Changed **Server.Video.AvgBitRate** to optionally accept a single <resolution>=<bit-rate> value and use the given bit-rate for all resolutions
- Disabled low bandwidth warning messages by default

### 6.2.9 v9.1.8

- **NOTE:** This release is not compatible with earlier versions. Please update all server and client components.
- Added a new video decoder for **significant video improvement in modern browsers**
- Added **security patch to websocket protocol**
- Added support for **ScyldCloudAuth Token Authentication**
- Added ability to use a custom sign-in page by setting **Server.Auth.ExternalSignInPage** to a URL
- Improved QoS algorithm
- Added feature to halt server if port is already being used
- Fixed issue with setting **Server.VideoSource** to 'nvfb' resulting in 'stream' video source
- Changed frame rate to reflect actual frames per second instead of decode time
- Fixed Mac Cmd key
- Fixed text paste not working in Chrome browser
- **Known Issue:** The Windows native client does not properly fullscreen

### 6.2.10 v9.0.0

- Added single-user support for toggling **lossless video** (native client only)
- Added beta support for GNOME 3.28+ on CentOS 7
- Dropped server and client support for Ubuntu 14
- Reorganized main toolbar
- Added lossless video checkbox to new settings menu
- Added scaled video status message to new settings menu
- Upgraded QT to 5.9.7
- Updated Windows OpenSSL to 1.0.2r

- Fixed multi-display issues when enabling and disabling displays
- Improved user warning alerts
- Fixed multi-user slow-user warning icons
- Fixed alternative mouse cursor visibility
- Fixed mouse scrolling behavior in Chrome 73
- Fixed multi-display issue with double-clicking on screen buttons
- Fixed misleading “Another user is signed in” message
- Fixed issue where clicking on external links created a black window (native client only)
- Reduced mouse context menu options (native client only)
- Fixed “You need to enable cookies in order to log in” issue (native client only)

### 6.2.11 v8.1.5

- Fixed CentOS 6 issue with setting **Server.VideoSource** to `auto` or `nvfb`
- Fixed minor multi-screen interface issues
- Fixed documentation by changing **Server.ConcurrentClients.MaxClientCount** to **Server.MultiUser.MaxClientCount**
- Hide Guest Invite buttons when **Server.MultiUser.MaxClientCount** is set to 1
- Fixed QoS stability issues

### 6.2.12 v8.1.4

- Added support for mouse dragging between tiled screens
- Switched to overlay scrollbars
- Updated QoS algorithm
- Fixed Javascript error in IE11

### 6.2.13 v8.1.3

- Fixed crash related to screen size changing
- Fixed flickering caused by decoder library and stream video source
- Fixed QoS stability issues

### 6.2.14 v8.1.2

- Fixed downscaling when resolution height is not divisible by 4

### 6.2.15 v8.1.1

- Added `--check` command line option to help test installation
- Added version compatibility checking to native client and server
- Added support for adding or removing displays
- Added Windows start menu shortcuts for easier access to log file and service restart
- Updated Windows OpenSSL to 1.0.2p
- Fixed Ubuntu 14 issue where video outputs swapped after screen size change
- Fixed resolution scaledown message text and added fade-out behavior
- Fixed button behavior for opening screens
- Fixed mouse location after display re-positioning
- Fixed support for Windows systems with multiple NvFBC GPUs

### 6.2.16 v8.0.1

- **NOTE:** This release is not compatible with earlier versions
- **NOTE:** A clean install of the Server is required (Windows only)
- Added ability to show **multiple screens** across **multiple displays**
- Renamed `boot.log` log file to `win-service.log`
- Added confirmation prompts to prevent accidental session closing
- Added ability to change PAM Service name by changing the `Server.Auth.PAM.Service` config option
- Fixed max video scaling issues that occurred after resolution changes
- Removed unneeded libraries from Server MSI installer
- Fonts are now hosted by the Server
- Client window bug fixes

### 6.2.17 v7.1.8

- Fixed native client blank connect dialogue appearing after service restarts
- Fixed native client black screen when reconnecting after Windows 10 service restarts
- Fixed native client scroll bars not appearing when reconnecting after Windows 10 service restarts
- Fixed Windows 10 service becoming unavailable after signing out
- Suppressed mouse cursors always shows in Windows 10
- Added HiDPI support for Windows stream encoder
- Fixed Linux log file location

### 6.2.18 v7.1.1

- Improved handling of scenarios where Windows has no console session
- Improved handling of scenarios where RDP session is active
- Documented ‘Escape’ workaround for black windows login screen issue
- Changed default XML config file value for **Server.IdleUserTimeout** to 120
- Fixed missing OpenSSL libraries in Windows
- Fixed client EULA

### 6.2.19 v7.1.0

- Changed **video bit-rate selection** to be based on screen resolution
- **Lower latency** for native client due to optimizations on color conversion and frame rendering

### 6.2.20 v7.0.2

- Added OpenSSL v1.0.2n libraries to Windows native-client

### 6.2.21 v7.0.1

- Fixed Windows password changing documentation
- Fixed config file automatically inserting StreamVideoSource tags
- Removed Windows wrapper batch script

### 6.2.22 v7.0.0

- Added **4K resolution support to native-client**. Additional server-side setup is required. See the *Enable 4K Support* section for more information.
- Improved **frame-rate performance of native-client**
- Added **MD5 hash of configuration file to start-up output**
- Upgraded QT to 5.9.2
- Improved **native-client window resize behavior**
- Improved **native-client fullscreen behavior** to downscale graphics when remote desktop is larger than the client screen size

### 6.2.23 v6.1.1

- Fixed image blurring when enabling unique frames

### 6.2.24 v6.1.0

- Added ability to **sign in with Linux and Windows OS credentials**
- Added ability to **transmit only unique video frames** with `Server.Video.UniqueFramesOnly` config setting (true by default)

### 6.2.25 v6.0.3

- Added browserless ‘native’ client for CentOS 7 and Windows 7
- Fixed relative paths for `Server.LicensePath`
- Updated fonts, icons, and colors
- Changed from Windows NSIS installer to MSI installer
- All `Server.ConcurrentClients` configuration settings changed to `Server.MultiUser`

### 6.2.26 v5.0.7

- Fixed “too many files open” error for generic stream video source

### 6.2.27 v5.0.6

- Improved error handling for disconnects during inactivity
- Changed default idle user timeout to 2 hours

### 6.2.28 v5.0.5

- Fixed black winlogon screen for stream video source

### 6.2.29 v5.0.4

- Fixed screen size changing in Windows

### 6.2.30 v5.0.3

- Fixed handling of poor network connections
- Windows installer preserves \*.dat, \*.lic files on update

### 6.2.31 v5.0.2

- Fixed blackscreen when using IE 11 over a VPN
- Fixed systemd service status check

### 6.2.32 v5.0.1

- Fixed init script false-positive when license checkout fails
- Fixed systemd service script
- Reduced log output on license checkout retries

### 6.2.33 v5.0.0

- Added CPU-based (**stream**) video source option
- Added **idle user timeout** (**Server.IdleUserTimeout** takes minutes. Disabled by default)
- Added ability to **update Server.Auth settings at runtime** (except **Server.Auth.Enabled**)
- Added ability to **auto-select a video source**
- Added **Flexera License Management**
- Added ability to specify license file with **Server.LicenseFile** config setting
- Added ability to delay service start with **Server.StartDelay** config setting
- Renamed **Server.WebSocketServer.Secure** to **Server.Secure**
- Renamed **Server.WebSocketServer.Port** to **Server.Port**
- Renamed **Server.ServiceLogFile** to **Server.BootLogFile**
- Renamed **debug0.txt** to **win-service.log** and **debug1.txt** to **scyld-cloud-workstation.log**
- Changed Windows install directory to **C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation**
- Changed Windows service startup from Automatic to Delayed
- Changed log messages
- Fixed guests getting kicked out if one of multiple hosts signs out
- Fixed handling of IPv6 addresses
- Fixed guest toolbar being hidden while paused
- Fixed duplication of guest alerts
- Fixed guest video when starting out paused

### 6.2.34 v3.1.0

- Added **support for CentOS 7** (requires LightDM / MATE desktop environment)
- Added **Floating UI**
- Added **adjustable screen resolutions limits**
- Added **Server.Video.MaxWidth** and **Server.Video.MaxHeight** to config file
- Updated **QoS algorithm**
- Windows installer preserves \*.cert, \*.cer, \*.pem, \*.key, and \*.der files on update
- Set default max frame rates to 30
- Fixed Firefox keyboard issue for remote Windows services

### 6.2.35 v3.0.4

- Increased send timeout values
- Added **Server.VideoSendTimeout**, **Server.DataSendTimeout**, and **Server.ReceiveTimeout** to config file

### 6.2.36 v3.0.3

- Fixed QoS adaptive frame rate algorithm

### 6.2.37 v3.0.2

- Fixed IE11 fullscreen keyboard and scrollbars

### 6.2.38 v3.0.1

- Fixed unexpected multi-user client timeouts

### 6.2.39 v3.0.0

- Added **keyboard and mouse sharing** for collaboration
- Added **guest invites** for collaboration
- Added **text paste from local clipboard** support
- Added **remote desktop auto-lock on disconnect**
- Updated **QoS algorithm**
- Updated user interface style
- Updated default SSL ciphers
- Compatible with v2.3 config file

### 6.2.40 v2.3.2

- Updated default SSL ciphers

### 6.2.41 v2.3.1

- Fixed Command/Windows key getting stuck
- Fixed cursor disappearing during Windows UAC

### 6.2.42 v2.3.0

- Improved **decode performance**
- Improved **QoS responsiveness**
- Improved mouse scrolling. Ticks are now server-dependent
- Added code authenticity check
- Fixed OS X command key
- Improved version number system
- Fix for null cursor
- Fix for missing HTML icons
- Added support for 16x16 cursors in Windows
- Improved web-page refresh

### 6.2.43 v2.2.0

- Added **local cursor**
- Added **basic QoS** / dynamic frame rate updates
- Simplified configuration file by relying more on defaults
- Updated interface controls to be centered, sleeker
- Updated default openssl.server.cipherList string to include !RC4
- Updated default openssl.server.verifyMode to relaxed
- Fixed cursor in Firefox Fullscreen
- Fixed mouse wheel
- Fixed screen crop
- Added auto-lock (disabled by default)
- Authentication screen can now be disabled in config
- RPM installer preserves old config file by default

### 6.2.44 v2.1.0

- Added **screen resolution change support** (Windows, Linux)
- ScyldCloudAuth “JSON Syntax Error” fix
- Silent / Quiet Windows installer



## INSTALLATION

The Scyld Cloud Workstation server can be installed in the following operating systems:

- CentOS 6 and 7
- Ubuntu 16 and 18
- Windows 7, 8, and 10
- MacOS 10.13 (High Sierra), 10.14 (Mojave), and 10.15 (Catalina)

### 7.1 Required Files

Installation of the Scyld Cloud Workstation server requires the following files:

- The Scyld Cloud Workstation server installation package for your operating system:
  - CentOS 6: `scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0-1.el6.x86_64.rpm`
  - CentOS 7: `scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0-1.el7.x86_64.rpm`
  - Ubuntu 16 and 18: `scyld-cloud-workstation_10.2.0-1_amd64.deb`
  - Windows 7 and 10: `Scyld Cloud Workstation-10.2.0.1.msi`
  - MacOS 10.13, 10.14, and 10.15: `scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0.1.pkg`
- One of the following:
  - A trial license file (`scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`)
  - A floating license file (`scyld-flexlm.lic`) and the license server (Scyld FlexLM).

---

**Note:** If you have an NVIDIA graphics card, download and install the appropriate NVIDIA drivers from <http://www.nvidia.com/download/index.aspx>

---

### 7.2 CentOS 7 (RPM): Server Install

Follow the steps below to install Scyld Cloud Workstation, replace the default admin username and admin password, replace the default SSL key and certificate files, and install the license file.

1. Use the `rpm -ivh` command to install the RPM:

```
% sudo rpm -ivh scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0-1.el7.x86_64.rpm
```

The installer does the following:

- Installs Scyld Cloud Workstation files to `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation`
- Installs `scyld-cloud-workstation.service` to `/lib/systemd/system/`
- Reloads the systemd manager configuration using `systemctl daemon-reload`
- Enables the unit file with `systemctl enable scyld-cloud-workstation.service`

2. Use the `scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd` command to set the admin password.

```
% sudo /opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd
```

---

**Note:** You can disable the admin account by deleting or commenting the `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` and `Server.Auth.Username` tags in the configuration file (`/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`). Standard OS credentials can still be used for sign-ins.

---

3. If your server has an SSL certificate file, open the configuration file (`/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`) and set the value of `openssl.server.privateKeyFile` and `openssl.server.certificateFile` to its path.
4. Install the license.
  - If you have a trial license (`scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`), copy it into `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin`.
  - If you have a floating license (`scyld-flexlm.lic`), proceed to *Flexera License Management* for instructions on installing Scyld FlexLM.
5. Verify that your firewall rules allow traffic over HTTPS (port 443).
6. Use the `systemctl restart` command to restart the service:

```
% sudo systemctl restart scyld-cloud-workstation.service
```

Scyld Cloud Workstation should now be reachable over HTTPS at your server's hostname or IP address. For advanced configuration options, please see `_Setup`.

## 7.3 CentOS 7 (RPM): Updating an Existing Server Install

1. Use the `rpm -Uvh` command to update an existing installation:

```
% sudo rpm -Uvh scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0-1.el7.x86_64.rpm
```

2. Use the `systemctl restart` command to restart the service:

```
% sudo systemctl restart scyld-cloud-workstation.service
```

## 7.4 CentOS 6 (RPM): Server Install

Follow the steps below to install Scyld Cloud Workstation, replace the default admin username and admin password, replace the default SSL key and certificate files, and install the license file.

1. Use the `rpm -ivh` command to install the RPM:

```
% sudo rpm -ivh scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0-1.el6.x86_64.rpm
```

The installer does the following:

- Installs Scyld Cloud Workstation files to `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation`.
- Installs `scyld-cloud-workstation.init` to `/etc/init.d` and has its security context changed to `system_u:object_r:bin_t:s0`.
- Adds a line of code to `/etc/gdm/Init/Default` that allows `scyld-cloud-workstation` to restart when the service is enabled by `chkconfig` and `gdm` restarts. To prevent `scyld-cloud-workstation` from starting when `gdm` starts, use the `chkconfig` command: `chkconfig --del scyld-cloud-workstation`.

2. Use the `scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd` command to set the admin password.

```
% sudo /opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd
```

---

**Note:** The admin account can be disabled by deleting or commenting the `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` and `Server.Auth.Username` tags in the configuration file (`/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`). Standard OS credentials can still be used for sign ins.

---

3. If your server has an SSL certificate file, open the configuration file (`/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`) and set the value of `openssl.server.privateKeyFile` and `openssl.server.certificateFile` to its path.
4. Install the license.
  - If you have a trial license (`scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`), copy it into `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin`.
  - If you have a floating license (`scyld-flexlm.lic`), proceed to [Flexera License Management](#) for instructions on installing Scyld FlexLM.
5. Verify that your firewall rules allow traffic over HTTPS (port 443).
6. Use the `/etc/init.d/scyld-cloud-workstation restart` command to restart the service:

```
% sudo /etc/init.d/scyld-cloud-workstation restart
```

Scyld Cloud Workstation should now be reachable over HTTPS at your server's hostname or IP address. For advanced configuration options, please see `_Setup`.

## 7.5 CentOS 6 (RPM): Updating an Existing Server Install

1. Use the `rpm -Uvh` command to update an existing installation:

```
% sudo rpm -Uvh scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0-1.el6.x86_64.rpm
```

2. Use the `/etc/init.d/scyld-cloud-workstation restart` command to restart the service:

```
% sudo /etc/init.d/scyld-cloud-workstation restart
```

## 7.6 Windows 7 and 10: Server Install

**Note:** For virt-manager users: virt-manager’s graphical console will no longer work after installing the NVIDIA GRID driver and restarting Windows.

To get the virt-manager graphical console to work again, start the Windows VM in ‘Safe Mode’ by restarting the VM, commanding it to “Force Off”, and restarting the VM again. Select “Safe Mode with Networking” from the menu that appears.

---

1. Double-click on the Scyld Cloud Workstation-10.2.0.1.msi installer.
2. Follow the instructions in the GUI. Confirm that you’d like to start Scyld Cloud Workstation as a service to have Scyld Cloud Workstation start automatically.
3. If your server has an SSL certificate file, open the configuration file (C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\scyld-cloud-workstation.xml) and set the value of `openssl.server.privateKeyFile` and `openssl.server.certificateFile` to its path.
4. Install the license.
  - If you have a trial license (`scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`), copy it into `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin`.
  - If you have a floating license (`scyld-flexlm.lic`), proceed to *Flexera License Management* for instructions on installing Scyld FlexLM.

On some systems (such as those using virt-manager’s graphical console), a reboot may be required after installation to ensure that the NVIDIA GRID card is activated.

Scyld Cloud Workstation is intended to run automatically as a service in Windows. While it is possible to start it up as a normal application, Scyld Cloud Workstation must be run as a service in order to support:

- Windows sign out and sign in
- screensavers with passwords
- Windows User Access Control

If Scyld Cloud Workstation is installed on a Windows VM, you may need to install Screen Capture Recorder to enable audio support. Screen Capture Recorder has been tested in Windows 10 and can be downloaded from the URL below:

<https://github.com/rdp/screen-capture-recorder-to-video-windows-free/releases/download/0.12.10/Setup.Screen.Capturer.Recorder.v0.12.10.exe>

Scyld Cloud Workstation should now be reachable over HTTPS at your server’s hostname or IP address. For advanced configuration options, please see `_Setup`.

## 7.7 Windows 7 and 10: Updating an Existing Server Install

1. Double-click on the Scyld Cloud Workstation-10.2.0.1.msi installer.
2. Follow the instructions in the GUI. Confirm that you’d like to start Scyld Cloud Workstation as a service to have Scyld Cloud Workstation start automatically.

**Attention:** We recommend using the latest config file as a starting point and moving changes from your old config file into the new one.

---

**Important:** If you are updating over an existing Scyld Cloud Workstation installation, your old config file will be preserved. The new package may include an XML config file with newer / updated settings. Merge the new settings found in `C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\Defaults\scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`

with the existing C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\scyld-cloud-workstation.xml file.

---

## 7.8 Ubuntu (DEB): Server Install or Update

Follow the steps below to install Scyld Cloud Workstation, replace the default admin username and admin password, replace the default SSL key and certificate files, and install the license file.

1. Use the `dpkg -i` command to install the DEB:

```
% sudo dpkg -i scyld-cloud-workstation_10.2.0-1_amd64.deb
```

The installer does the following:

- Installs Scyld Cloud Workstation files to `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation`.
- Installs `scyld-cloud-workstation.service` to `/lib/systemd/system/`.
- Reloads systemd manager configuration using `systemctl daemon-reload`
- Enables the unit file with `systemctl enable scyld-cloud-workstation.service`

2. Use the `scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd` command to set the admin password.

```
% sudo /opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd
```

---

**Note:** The admin account can be disabled by deleting or commenting the `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` and `Server.Auth.Username` tags in the configuration file (`/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`). Standard OS credentials can still be used for sign ins.

---

3. If your server has an SSL certificate file, open the configuration file (`/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`) and set the value of `openssl.server.privateKeyFile` and `openssl.server.certificateFile` to its path.
4. Install the license.
  - If you have a trial license (`scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`), copy it into `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin`.
  - If you have a floating license (`scyld-flexlm.lic`), proceed to [Flexera License Management](#) for instructions on installing Scyld FlexLM.
5. Use the `systemctl restart` command to restart the service:

```
% sudo systemctl restart scyld-cloud-workstation.service
```

---

**Important: Ubuntu 18 only:** the `lightdm` desktop manager is required in Ubuntu 18. Change the default `gdm` to `lightdm` by opening a terminal and installing `slick-greeter` with `sudo apt-get -y install slick-greeter`. Finally, select `lightdm` at the prompt.

---

Scyld Cloud Workstation should now be reachable over HTTPS at your server's hostname or IP address. For advanced configuration options, please see `_Setup`.

## 7.9 MacOS (PKG): Server Install

To install Scyld Cloud Workstation on your MacOS server:

1. Download and install `scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0.1.pkg`.
2. **MacOS Mojave and Catalina only:** during installation, grant Security and Privacy permissions.
3. Install the license file or the license server.
4. Install Blackhole for MacOS audio (Optional).

Start by double-clicking on the `scyld-cloud-workstation-10.2.0.1.pkg` installer and follow the GUI instructions.

MacOS Mojave and Catalina users will be shown several windows for **granting “Security and Privacy” permissions**. At each window, click on the Lock icon to allow changes, click on the checkbox next to the Scyld Cloud Workstation application, and then close the window.

- In MacOS Mojave, Microphone and Accessibility permissions must be granted.
- In MacOS Catalina, Microphone, Screen Recording, and Accessibility permissions must be granted.

Once installation and permissions setup is complete, **install the license file or the license server**.

- If you’ve received a trial license file (named `scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`), copy that to `/Applications/scyld-cloud-workstation.app/Contents/MacOS`.
- If you’ve received a floating license file (named `scyld-flexlm.lic`), you will need to install the Scyld FlexLM license server. For more information, see the license management guide: *Flexera License Management*.

Once the license file has been installed, the server will start automatically and be accessible with a web browser or our native client.

---

**Important:** Putting your remote MacOS server to sleep (for example: by closing the lid of the laptop, selecting Sleep from the Apple menu, or scheduling sleeps through System Preferences > Energy Saver) will make Scyld Cloud Workstation inaccessible.

---

**Important:** Scyld Cloud Workstation prevents Display Sleep from happening in MacOS using an application called caffeinate. This is to prevent the server from going to sleep.

---

Next, proceed to *Install Blackhole for MacOS Audio* for information on adding audio support.

### 7.9.1 Install Blackhole for MacOS Audio

To add remote audio capture, perform the following steps on your Scyld Cloud Workstation MacOS server:

1. Download and install Blackhole 0.2.6 from <https://existential.audio/blackhole/>.
2. Open the System Preferences > Sound > Output window to make Blackhole 16ch the Sound Output device.
3. **MacOS Mojave and Catalina servers only:** Add Scyld Cloud Workstation to the Login Items list for each MacOS user.
4. Logout of MacOS and log back in.

Start by downloading Blackhole 0.2.6 from <https://existential.audio/blackhole/> (note: you may be required to subscribe to their mail list) to your MacOS server. Double-click the installer and follow the GUI instructions.

Next, go to `System Preferences > Sound > Output` and select `Blackhole 16ch` as the Sound Output device.

---

**Note:** Selecting `Blackhole 16ch` will disable audio playback on `Internal Speakers`, but this can be changed back when necessary. To change devices more easily, check the `Show volume in menu bar box`. You can now click on the volume control and select one from the `Output Device` list.

---

**MacOS Mojave and Catalina servers only:** Add `Scyld Cloud Workstation` to the `Login Items` list for each user by doing the following:

1. Go to `System Preferences > Users & Groups`.
2. Click on your username in the list of accounts.
3. Select the `Login Items` tab.
4. Click the `Lock` icon to make changes.
5. Click the `+` button to open a Finder window.
6. Use the Finder window to go to `Applications` and add `scyld-cloud-workstation`.
7. When you are finished repeating the steps above for each remote user, log out of MacOS and log back in.

The steps above will make audio accessible to clients that connect to your Scyld Cloud Workstation MacOS server and click on the audio icon.

---

**Note:** More information about `Blackhole` can be found at: <https://github.com/ExistentialAudio/BlackHole>

---

## 7.10 MacOS (PKG): Updating an Existing Server Install

Update instructions are slightly different between each version of MacOS due to differences in Apple Privacy Protection. Follow the instructions below for your version of MacOS.

---

**Note:** Updating Scyld Cloud Workstation on the server can't be done over an ssh connection. As part of the installation the user must use "Security & Privacy" dialogs to confirm permissions for `Audio access ('Microphone')`, `Screen Recording access`, and `Keyboard/Mouse access ('Accessibility')`. Only some of these permissions will be required depending on your MacOS version. These need to be confirmed by the user and are only visible when the user has physical access or remote desktop access to the server using Apple Remote Desktop.

---

### 7.10.1 Updating on MacOS 10.13 High Sierra

Double-click the Scyld Cloud Workstation installer and follow the GUI instructions. The Scyld Cloud Workstation service will automatically restart with the updated server.

### 7.10.2 Updating on MacOS 10.14 Mojave

Accessibility permissions need to be granted again after installing a Scyld Cloud Workstation update on the server.

1. Open a terminal.
2. Reset Accessibility permissions by using the `tcutil` command: `tcutil reset Accessibility`
3. Double-click the Scyld Cloud Workstation installer and follow the GUI instructions.

The Scyld Cloud Workstation service will automatically restart with the updated software.

### 7.10.3 Updating on MacOS 10.15 Catalina

Accessibility permissions need to be granted again after installing a Scyld Cloud Workstation update on the server.

1. Open a terminal.
2. Reset the permissions for Scyld Cloud Workstation by using the `tcctl` command: `tcctl reset com.penguincomputing.scyld-cloud-workstation`
2. Double-click the Scyld Cloud Workstation installer and follow the GUI instructions

The Scyld Cloud Workstation service will automatically restart with the updated server.

## 7.11 Client Installation

You can connect to Scyld Cloud Workstation by installing our native client, Scyld Cloud Workstation Client, or using any of these web browsers:

- Chrome 30+
- Internet Explorer 11+
- FireFox 27+
- Safari 7+

---

**Note:** Chrome 30+ provides the best performance and is recommended.

---



## FLEXERA LICENSE MANAGEMENT

As of version 5.0.0, Scyld Cloud Workstation uses the Flexera License Management system to ensure compliance with the terms and regulations described in the End-User License Agreement. This section talks about the types of licenses, how to obtain a license, and how to use your license.

### 8.1 Obtaining a License

Licenses can be requested by contacting Penguin Computing (<http://www.penguincomputing.com>) at [support@penguincomputing.com](mailto:support@penguincomputing.com).

### 8.2 Installing a Trial License

Trial licenses are named `scyld-cloud-workstation.lic` and must be copied to the Scyld Cloud Workstation host at `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin` for Linux hosts or `C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation` for Windows hosts.

### 8.3 Installing a Floating or Node-Locked License

Follow these steps on the Scyld FlexLM host:

1. Install the Scyld FlexLM license server package (distributed by Penguin Computing) on a host that has network access to all Scyld Cloud Workstation hosts.
2. Copy the license file (`scyld-flexlm.lic`) to `/opt/scyld-flexlm/bin` for Linux hosts or `C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld FlexLM` for Windows hosts.
3. For Linux users only, change the owner of the file to `scyld-flexlm` using the `chown` command and make sure the owner has read permission:

```
chown scyld-flexlm /opt/scyld-flexlm/bin/scyld-flexlm.lic
chmod o+r /opt/scyld-flexlm/bin/scyld-flexlm.lic
```

4. In `scyld-flexlm.lic`, find the line that looks like: `VENDOR PENGUIN PORT=<port>`. The last token is the vendor port number (typically 28282). Change your firewall to allow incoming connections to the vendor port.
5. Now find the line that looks like: `SERVER this_host ANY <port>`. The last token is the license server port number. If the port is not listed, assume it is 27002. Change your firewall to allow incoming connections the license server port.

6. Restart your firewall and the Scyld FlexLM service.

Follow these steps on each Scyld Cloud Workstation host:

1. Open the configuration file located at `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` for Linux and `C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` for Windows.
2. Find the `Server.LicenseFile` setting in the configuration file. If it does not exist you will need to add a `<LicenseFile></LicenseFile>` tag inside the `<Server></Server>` tag.
3. Set the value of `Server.LicenseFile` to the port and host of the license server using the `port@host` syntax (or just `@host` if the Scyld FlexLM server is using the default port (27002)).

For example, if Scyld FlexLM was running on port 27002 on a host with hostname `iceberg`:

```
<Server>
...
  <LicenseFile>27002@iceberg</LicenseFile>
...
</Server>
```

If you are unsure what port and hostname (or IP address) to use, look at the `SERVER` line in the `scyld-flexlm.lic` file. The host name will be second token and the port will be the fourth token. In the example above this would look like:

```
SERVER iceberg 0011223344 27002
```

---

**Important:** If the hostname or port of your license server has changed, you will need to update this setting and restart the Scyld Cloud Workstation service.

---

**Note:** Flexera typically creates a `$HOME/.flexlmrc` file in Linux or a Windows registry setting to cache successful license checkout locations for future use.

The order of precedence for license searching paths is as follows:

1. `PENGUIN_LICENSE_FILE` environment variable
  2. `LM_LICENSE_FILE` environment variable
  3. `Server.LicenseFile` configuration setting
  4. Flexera cache
- 

## 8.4 Testing your Floating / Node-Locked License Install

To test if the Scyld Cloud Workstation host can checkout licenses from the Scyld FlexLM host, sign into the Scyld Cloud Workstation host and use the `lmutil` tool:

```
lmutil lmdiag [-c license-file]
```

For example, if your Scyld FlexLM server is running on port 27002 and the IP address is 192.168.1.7, a successful test will look like:

```
lmutil lmdiag -c 27002@192.168.1.7

lmutil - Copyright (c) 1989-2016 Flexera Software LLC. All Rights Reserved.
FlexNet diagnostics on Fri 12/1/2010 08:00
```

```
-----  
License file: 27002@192.168.1.7  
-----  
"scw" v1.000, vendor: PENGUIN, expiry: 01-aug-2017  
  License server: 192.168.1.7  
  nodelocked license locked to NOTHING (hostid=ANY)  starts: 1-jan-1990,   expires: 01-aug-2017  
  
This license can be checked out  
-----
```

If license checkout fails, the output of this command can be useful for troubleshooting license checkout issues. If you would like additional support, please contact Penguin Computing at [support@penguincomputing.com](mailto:support@penguincomputing.com).

Once the license file is installed, proceed to: *Setup*.



**Attention:** We recommend using the latest config file as a starting point and moving changes from your old config file into the new one.

Configuration values are defined by nested XML elements in the `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` config file. In Linux this can be found at `/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` and in Windows this can be found at `C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`. This section describes properties in the config file.

For the purpose of this document, we refer to properties by using dot notation. For example, `config.Server.LogLevel` indicates that `LogLevel` is a property within `Server`, which is a property within `config`. Since all properties begin with 'config', for brevity we ignore it. Properties are case-sensitive.

**Warning:** The config file and private key files contains sensitive information that can compromise security if an attacker can read it. We strongly recommend limiting read and write access to the root / system administrator account.

**Warning:** Scyld Cloud Workstation includes a default private key, certificate file, username, and password that are not secure and should be changed.

## 9.1 Applying Config File Changes

Saved changes to the config file are only applicable once the service restarts. The `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` setting is the one exception to this rule - saved changes to it are applicable immediately.

**In CentOS 6 you can restart the service using the `service` command:**

```
service scyld-cloud-workstation restart
```

**In CentOS 7, Ubuntu you can restart the service using the `systemctl restart` command:**

```
systemctl restart scyld-cloud-workstation.service
```

**In Windows** you can restart the service using the Services tool. First open the Task Manager by right-clicking on the Task Bar and select Start Task Manager. At the Task Manager, go to the Services tab and click on Services. Right-click on `scyld-cloud-workstation` in the the list of services and select Restart from the dropdown of actions.

**In MacOS** you can restart the service by calling the application with the `--service restart` flag. For example:

```
# Change to the application directory
cd /Applications/scyld-cloud-workstation.app/Contents/MacOS

# Restart the service
sudo ./scyld-cloud-workstation --service restart
```

The Scyld Cloud Workstation sign-in page should return after a few seconds.

## 9.2 Config File Settings

**Attention:** We recommend using the latest config file as a starting point and moving changes from your old config file into the new one.

The default config file comes with appropriate values for nearly all of the server settings.

In this section we discuss config settings that are commonly changed from the default config file.

### 9.2.1 License Management

For more information on license management, please see: *Flexera License Management*.

### 9.2.2 Server Authentication

User's are authenticated using credentials defined by the config file or by the ScyldCloudAuth web service. To disable any of these, simply comment out these elements by wrapping them with `<!--` and `-->`.

Authentication is enabled by default and in should not be disabled in production systems. *Server.Auth.Enabled* should always be set to `true`.

There are several authentication schemes supported by Scyld Cloud Workstation. Each system is independent and can be enabled in parallel.

- Config File Authentication
- ScyldCloudAuth Authentication
- OS Credential Authentication

#### Config File Authentication

Config File Authentication uses credentials stored in the config file. The following settings control Config File Authentication:

- *Server.Auth.Username*
- *Server.Auth.ShadowPassword*
- *Server.Auth.MinPasswordLength*

The *ShadowPassword* is set by calling `scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd` in Linux with `sudo` privileges, `scyld-cloud-workstation.exe /passwd` in Windows as an Administrator, or `sudo scyld-cloud-workstation --passwd`.

Config File Authentication can be disabled by commenting or removing *Server.Auth.Username* and *Server.Auth.ShadowPassword*.

## ScyldCloudAuth Authentication

ScyldCloudAuth Authentication uses the ScyldCloudAuth proxy service for authentication. To enable ScyldCloudAuth for authentication, set:

- *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.URL*
- *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.Allow*
- *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.Deny*
- *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.ApiKey*
- *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.ApiSecret*

ScyldCloudAuth can be disabled by commenting or removing *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.URL*.

## OS Credential Authentication

The credentials accepted by your remote Linux, Windows, or MacOS host can be used to sign into Scyld Cloud Workstation. This supports ActiveDirectory for Windows, and LDAP / PAM for Linux.

---

**Important:** While config file or ScyldCloudAuth usernames can be used to sign in to Scyld Cloud Workstation at any time, only a single set of OS credentials can only be used to sign-in at a time. This prevents different OS credentials from signing in at the same time.

---

This feature can be disabled by setting *Server.Auth.OSAuthEnabled* to `false` or removing it from the config file.

### 9.2.3 External Sign-In Pages

If your organization wants to use an external webpage for signing into Scyld Cloud Workstation, you can set the *Server.Auth.ExternalSignInPage* setting to the URL. The Scyld Cloud Workstation sign in page will show a link to the external sign-in page instead of the default sign-in interface.

### 9.2.4 Server Security

The cipher list will determine what ciphers are used to encrypt communication between your clients and your server. It is always a good idea to keep your server's OpenSSL updated to the latest version.

We recommend using the default values for *openssl.server.cipherList*.

### 9.2.5 Firewall

Your server host's firewall needs to allow incoming connections to the server over port 443 if you are using HTTPS or port 80 if you are using HTTP.

**In Linux**, you will have to update your firewall using iptables. In most cases, adding the following line to your rules file (CentOS/RHEL: `/etc/sysconfig/iptables`) and restarting the iptables service will allow incoming HTTPS traffic.

```
# Allow all https
-A INPUT -p tcp --dport 443 -j ACCEPT
```

Change 443 to 80 in the line above to accept incoming HTTP traffic over port 80 instead.

**In Windows** these rules are automatically set by the installer and removed by the uninstaller.

## 9.2.6 HTTPS / SSL Certificates

HTTPS is required to make all of your interactions with the server secure.

To ensure that connections are using the latest TLS protocol (as of 2015), set `openssl.server.requireTLSv1_2` to `true` and enable HTTPS by setting `Server.Secure` to `true`.

Set `openssl.server.privateKeyFile` and `openssl.server.certificateFile` to the appropriate private key and SSL certificate paths.

If you have set a passphrase for your private key you will need to set `openssl.server.privateKeyPassphraseHandler.options.password`.

An SSL certificate signed by a trusted certificate authority (CA) is used to encrypt and authenticate communication between a browser and server. To obtain an SSL certificate from a CA, you need to generate a certificate signing request (CSR) and submit it to the CA. A list of popular CA's is given below:

- <https://www.digicert.com/>
- <http://www.entrust.com/ssl-certificates/>
- <http://www.geotrust.com/>
- <https://www.thawte.com/>

Linux users need to install OpenSSL on the server to complete setup. For example:

```
# CentOS
sudo yum install openssl

# Ubuntu
sudo apt-get install openssl
```

The following sections describe how to use the `openssl` command to create a new private key and CSR, a new CSR from an existing private key, and a self-signed SSL certificate (not recommended).

### Create a Private Key and a CSR

Use the `openssl` command to create a 2048-bit private key (`domain.key`) and a CSR (`domain.csr`). If your CA supports SHA-2, add the `-sha256` option to sign the CSR with SHA-2.

```
openssl req -newkey rsa:2048 -nodes -sha256 -keyout domain.key -out domain.csr
```

Fill out the prompted questions to complete the CSR.

**Warning:** The contents of your private key should never be shared with anyone.

### Create a CSR from an Existing Private Key

To create a CSR from an existing private key:

```
openssl req -key domain.key -new -out domain.csr
```

Fill out the prompted questions to complete the CSR.



## Create a Private Key and Self-Signed SSL Certificate

You can create a self-signed SSL certificate instead of having one signed by a CA. The disadvantage to this is that in order to establish trust between the browser and the server, you must make a security exception for this certificate when you visit the page or install it in every browser.

```
openssl req \
  -newkey rsa:2048 -nodes -sha256 -keyout domain.key \
  -x509 -days 365 -out domain.crt
```

Fill out the prompted questions to complete the CSR.

**Warning:** The contents of your private key should never be shared with anyone.

## Create a Self-Signed SSL Certificate from an Existing Private Key

To create a self-signed certificate from an existing private key:

```
openssl req \
  -key domain.key -new \
  -x509 -sha256 -days 365 -out domain.crt
```

Fill out the prompted questions to complete the CSR.

## 9.3 Settings Glossary

In this section we describe all of the settings available in the config file.

**Note:** All changes to Scyld.Auth settings except Scyld.Auth.Enabled take effect without a service restart.

### 9.3.1 Server.LogLevel

The verbosity of output in the log file.

The LogLevel value can be any one of the following (ordered least-to-most verbose): ‘none’, ‘fatal’, ‘critical’, ‘error’, ‘warning’, ‘notice’, ‘information’, ‘debug’, and ‘trace’.

### 9.3.2 Server.LogFormat

Format of the output. By default, Scyld Cloud Workstation does not display a timestamp with each log message. To add timestamps to all of your output, open the `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` and set LogFormat to: `%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S %q%q: %s:%u: %t`.

### 9.3.3 Server.LogFile

A path to the log file of the Scyld Cloud Workstation server. By default this can be found in the directory of the Scyld Cloud Workstation executable and is named `scyld-cloud-workstation.log`. For more information on log output, see [Log Output](#).

*Changed in v5.0.0. Default value changed.*

### 9.3.4 Server.BootLogFile

Windows only. A path to the log file of the Scyld Cloud Workstation meta-server. By default this can be found in the directory of the Scyld Cloud Workstation executable and is named `win-service.log`. For more information on log output, see *Log Output*.

*Changed in v5.0.0. Previously named Server.ServiceLogFile in v2.2.0. Default value changed*

### 9.3.5 Server.LocalCursor

Determines if the client's local cursor should be shown instead of the remote cursor. Enabling local cursor typically improves the user experience. Defaults to `true`.

*Added in v2.2.0.*

### 9.3.6 Server.AutoLock

Determines if Scyld Cloud Workstation calls on the OS to lock the desktop upon disconnecting from the web page. Experimental. Defaults to `false`.

**Warning:** NOTE: In Linux, screen locking is achieved by entering `Ctrl+Alt+l` on behalf of the user. While this will lock the screen for most, this feature is not guaranteed to work on all Linux systems.

*Updated in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.7 Server.IdleUserTimeout

The length of time (in minutes) that users must be inactive before all users are disconnected. This feature is disabled if value is `0.0` or less. Defaults to `120`.

*Added in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.8 Server.Port

The port number used by the server. Defaults to `443` if *Server.Secure* is `true` or `80` if *Server.Secure* is `false`.

### 9.3.9 Server.Secure

Determines if the server operates over HTTPS (recommended). Defaults to `true`.

### 9.3.10 Server.LicenseFile

Specifies a license file path or a `port@host` address where a Scyld FlexLM license server is hosted. If the default license server port is being used (`27002`), then `@host` is also acceptable. Defaults to `scyld-cloud-workstation.lic`.

For more information on installing license files, see *Flexera License Management*

*Added in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.11 Server.StartDelay

Specifies a sleep time to delay the start-up of Scyld Cloud Workstation in seconds. Defaults to 0.

*Added in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.12 Server.Auth.Enabled

Determines if authentication is enabled and valid credentials are required to sign-in (recommended). Defaults to `true`.

If `false`, then all authentication is disabled and any credentials can be used to sign-in.

---

**Note:** Changing this value only takes effect after a service restart.

---

### 9.3.13 Server.Auth.ExternalSignInPage

A URL to your organization's custom sign-in page. When this value is set to a non-empty string the normal sign-in user interface is replaced with a link to the custom sign-in page.

---

**Note:** Setting this value does not enable or disable any authentication protocols. Users may still be able to sign in using ajax calls even if the normal sign-in user interface is disabled.

---

*Added in v9.1.*

### 9.3.14 Server.Auth.Username

Declares a username to be used in combination with the password defined by `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` at the Scyld Cloud Workstation sign in page.

Config File Authentication can be disabled by commenting or removing `Server.Auth.Username` and `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword`. To This must be specified with `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` and is not necessarily the same as the username used by the remote operating system.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.15 Server.Auth.ShadowPassword

A shadowed password used to sign in to the Scyld Cloud Workstation sign in page. Config File Authentication can be disabled by commenting or removing `Server.Auth.Username` and `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword`. The format is as follows:

```
$6$<salt>$<hash>
```

The initial 6 value should never be changed and signals that SHA-512 should be used. The `<salt>` and the plain text password are used to create the hashed password using the UNIX crypt method. See <http://linux.die.net/man/3/crypt> for more information on UNIX crypt.

Password rules are dependent on length:

Length	Password Restrictions
8-11	Use mixed case characters, numbers, and symbols
12-15	Use mixed case characters and either numbers or symbols
16-19	Use mixed case characters
20+	No restrictions

We recommend using passphrases of four randomly generated english words (i.e. “mail design kick office” for the best combination of usability and security).

**Warning:** Even though the `ShadowPassword` value encrypts your password, its contents should remain private. If you suspect that any part of the `ShadowPassword` has been compromised, please change your password immediately using our password update utility:

- Linux: `sudo scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd`
- Windows: `scyld-cloud-workstation.exe /passwd`
- MacOS: `sudo scyld-cloud-workstation --passwd`

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.16 Server.Auth.MinPasswordLength

The length of the password that is hashed and stored as `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword`. This may be set as low as 8, but we recommend at least 12 characters.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.17 Server.Auth.FailAttempts

The number of unsuccessful sign in attempts a client is allowed before the server temporarily rejects future requests from that client for a time period specified by `Server.Auth.FailDelay`. This helps reduce brute force attacks.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.18 Server.Auth.FailDelay

The length of time that the server will reject sign in requests from clients that repeatedly fail to sign in. See `Server.Auth.FailAttempts` for more information.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.19 Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.URL

The URL to the Scyld Cloud Auth authentication web service. Only applies to Scyld Cloud Manager products.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.20 Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.Allow

A list of `<Username></Username>` elements. Each `<Username>` element enables a username to be authenticated by ScyldCloudAuth. Usernames elements can use asterisk wildcard characters (i.e. `*@penguincomputing.com` will enable all usernames that end in `@penguincomputing.com`).

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.21 Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.Deny

A list of `<Username></Username>` elements. Each `<Username>` element disables a username to be authenticated by ScyldCloudAuth. Usernames that are mentioned by both the Deny and Allow list are denied.

Usernames elements can use asterisk wildcard characters (i.e. `*@penguincomputing.com` will enable all usernames that end in `@penguincomputing.com`).

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.22 Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.ApiKey

A string that uniquely identifies the server. This is required to making privileged Scyld Cloud Auth web service calls.

*Added in v9.1.*

### 9.3.23 Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.ApiSecret

A string that represents a shared secret between Scyld Cloud Workstation and the Scyld Cloud Auth server. This is required to make privileged Scyld Cloud Auth web service calls.

*Added in v9.1.*

### 9.3.24 Server.Auth.Session.DefaultTimeout

The lifetime (in seconds) of a session token that starts upon successfully signing in. Session tokens let you access protected resources from the server such as creating a new remote-visualization connection. Increasing this value means a longer period of time you can access the resources without signing in again.

Existing remote-visualization connections are unaffected by session token timeouts. Defaults to 60 seconds.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.25 Server.Auth.OSAuthEnabled

Determines if authentication using OS credentials is enabled. Defaults to `true`.

---

**Important:** While config file or ScyldCloudAuth usernames can be used to sign in to Scyld Cloud Workstation at any time, only a single set of OS credentials can only be used to sign-in at a time. This prevents different OS credentials from signing in at the same time.

---

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect after a service restart.

---

*Added in v6.1.0.*

### 9.3.26 Server.Auth.Session.OnSignIn

The path of a script to execute immediately after signing in. The script is passed the system account name of the user as an argument. By default this is not set, but it can be used for custom sign-in initialization.

---

**Note:** Changing this value takes effect without a service restart.

---

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.27 Server.Auth.PAM.Service

The name of the PAM (Pluggable Authentication Module) service. Defaults to `login`.

*Added in v8.0.0.*

### 9.3.28 Server.Audio.Enabled

Determines if fetching the remote server's audio is allowed. Defaults to `true`.

If `true`, the remote server's audio can be streamed.

If `false`, the remote server's audio can not be streamed.

*Added in v10.0.0.*

### 9.3.29 Server.Audio.Output.BufferTime

The buffering time (in seconds) for the audio output stream.

Lowering the time improves synchronization with the video stream, but may result in more playback skipping.

Increasing the time results in a more stable playback, but adds latency to audio playback and causes it to be less synchronized with the video stream.

---

**Note:** If you are using devices that add additional latency (such as bluetooth speakers) then lowering this value may be beneficial.

---

Defaults to 0.020.

*Changed in v10.2.0.*

### 9.3.30 Server.Audio.Output.SampleRate

Determines the audio sample rate in Hz. Higher sample rates lead to better audio quality, but consumes more bandwidth. Supported values are 44100 and 22050.

---

**Note:** CD audio quality can be achieved with a sample rate of 44100 Hz and a format of `s16le`.

---

Defaults to 44100.

*Added in v10.2.0.*

### 9.3.31 Server.Audio.Output.Stream.Format

Determines the audio output format. Note that audio bit depth (i.e., bits per sample) differs for each of the supported PCM formats below. Higher bit depth may improve audio quality, but will consume more bandwidth.

---

**Note:** CD audio quality can be achieved with a sample rate of 44100 Hz and a format of `s16le`.

---

Format	Description
<code>s8</code>	PCM 8-bit signed integer little endian
<code>s16le</code>	PCM 16-bit signed integer little endian
<code>s24le</code>	PCM 24-bit signed integer little endian
<code>f32le</code>	PCM 32-bit floating point little endian

Defaults to `s16le`.

*Added in v10.2.0.*

### 9.3.32 Server.Audio.Output.Stream.Device

Linux Only. Determines the pulseaudio monitor sink to fetch audio from on the server. These names must end with `.monitor`. Usually this value is automatically detected and updated to reflect the operating system's default audio device.

To force the system to use a specific device, use the command: `pactl list short sinks` to see a list of the device names. In the example below, there are two available sinks:

```
[root@server ~]# pactl list short sinks
0  alsa_output.pci-0000_00_04.0.analog-stereo  ... (additional text)...
1  alsa_output.pci-0000_00_05.0.analog-stereo  ... (additional text)...
```

To select the first device, set the value of this setting to: `alsa_output.pci-0000_00_04.0.analog-stereo.monitor`.

Defaults to `auto`.

*Added in v10.0.0.*

### 9.3.33 `Server.VideoSource`

The video capture mechanism. Currently supports `nvfbc`, `stream`, and `auto`. The default is `auto`.

Set to `auto` if you'd like the system to use `nvfbc` when the service detects an NVIDIA GRID compatible card and `stream` in all other cases.

Set to `nvfbc` only if you have an NVIDIA GRID SDK compatible graphics card and driver.

Set to `stream` to use our CPU-based encoding solution.

*Changed in v5.0.0.*

### 9.3.34 `Server.Video.MaxWidth`

Any server-side video that exceeds this width is scaled down to this value. This is primarily used to prevent clients from receiving video with resolutions so high that the client can not process them fast enough.

A value of `-1` disables this threshold.

Defaults to `2560`.

*Updated in v5.0.0. Changed default.*

### 9.3.35 `Server.Video.MaxHeight`

Any server-side video that exceeds this height is scaled down to this value. This is primarily used to prevent clients from receiving video with resolutions so high that the client can not process them fast enough.

A value of `-1` disables this threshold.

Defaults to `1440`.

*Updated in v5.0.0. Changed default.*

### 9.3.36 `Server.Video.StartFrameRate`

Initial frame rate. Measured in frames per second. Defaults to `24`.

*Added in v2.2.0.*

### 9.3.37 `Server.Video.MinFrameRate`

The lowest valid frame rate for a connection. Measured in frames per second. Defaults to `2`.

*Added in v2.2.0.*



### 9.3.38 Server.Video.AvgBitRate

This setting can be used to improve image quality at the cost of using more bandwidth.

The average video bit-rate is calculated by using a linear regression of two values based on the resolution of the screen and the number of bits per second, respectively. For more information, please see: [Configure Video Bit-Rate](#)

Defaults to 1280x720=3000k, 1920x1080=6000k.

*Updated in v9.1.9. Increased defaults.*

### 9.3.39 Server.Video.MaxFrameRate

The highest allowable frame rate for a connection. Measured in frames per second. Defaults to 30.

### 9.3.40 Server.MultiUser.MaxClientCount

The maximum number of clients that can be connected at a time. Defaults to 6.

*Added in v3.0.0.*

### 9.3.41 Server.QoS.Enabled

Enables the automatic adjustment of frame rate to adapt to current performance conditions. Frame rate will start at `Server.Video.StartFrameRate` and jump between `Server.Video.MinFrameRate` and `Server.Video.MaxFrameRate`.

Setting this to `false` will cause the server to send a constant frame rate specified by `Server.Video.StartFrameRate`. `Server.Video.MinFrameRate` and `Server.Video.MaxFrameRate` are ignored in this case.

Defaults to `true`.

### 9.3.42 openssl

All elements within the `openssl` tag are described in the [Poco SSLManager documentation](#).

### 9.3.43 openssl.server.privateKeyFile

The path to the file containing the private key for the certificate in PEM format (or containing both the private key and the certificate). This path can be absolute or relative to the xml config file. Required for HTTPS support.

### 9.3.44 openssl.server.certificateFile

The path to the file containing the server's or client's certificate in PEM format. Can be omitted if the file given in `privateKeyFile` contains the certificate as well. This path can be absolute or relative to the xml config file.

### 9.3.45 `openSSL.server.verificationMode`

Specifies whether and how peer certificates are validated (see the `Poco Context` class for details). Valid values are `none`, `relaxed`, `strict`, and `once`. Defaults to `none`.

*Changed in v3.0.0. Default value changed.*

### 9.3.46 `openSSL.server.loadDefaultCAFile`

Boolean value. Specifies whether the builtin CA certificates from OpenSSL are used. Defaults to `true`.

### 9.3.47 `openSSL.server.cipherList`

Specifies the supported ciphers in OpenSSL notation.

*Changed in v3.0.0. Default value changed.*

### 9.3.48 `openSSL.server.privateKeyPassphraseHandler.name`

Defaults to `KeyFileHandler`. The name of the Poco class used for obtaining the passphrase for accessing the private key. If your private key does not use a passphrase, this value is ignored.

*Added in v2.2.0. Default value changed.*

### 9.3.49 `openSSL.server.privateKeyPassphraseHandler.options.password`

The private key passphrase (ignored if there is no passphrase for the private key).

### 9.3.50 `openSSL.server.invalidCertificateHandler.name`

This should be set to `ConsoleCertificateHandler`. The name of the class used for confirming invalid certificates. Defaults to `RejectCertificateHandler`.

*Added in v2.2.0. Default value changed.*

### 9.3.51 `openSSL.server.cacheSessions`

This should be set to `false`. Enables or disables session caching.

### 9.3.52 `openSSL.server.extendedVerification`

Enable or disable the automatic post-connection extended certificate verification.

### 9.3.53 `openSSL.server.requireTLSv1_2`

Require a TLSv1.2 connection. Defaults to `true`.

*Added in v2.2.0. Default value changed.*

### 9.3.54 `openSSL.client.verificationMode`

Specifies whether and how peer certificates are validated when the server acts as a client to a third-party host (see the `Poco Context` class for details). Valid values are `none`, `relaxed`, `strict`, and `once`. Defaults to `relaxed`. Setting this value to `none` is not recommended.

*Added in v3.0.0.*

### 9.3.55 `openSSL.fips`

Enable or disable OpenSSL FIPS mode. Only supported if the OpenSSL version that this library is built against supports FIPS mode.

## 9.4 Client Settings

Clients and browsers that meet the requirements listed in *Client Requirements* support TLS 1.2, WebGL, and WebSockets by default and require no further setup.

<b>Attention:</b> Contact your system administrator if TLS 1.2, WebGL, or WebSockets are disabled.
--



In this section we describe how to start and stop the Scyld Cloud Workstation service in either Linux or Windows on the remote server. We then talk about how to connect and interact with the remote desktop interface.

## 10.1 Using the Linux Service

To start, stop, or restart the `scyld-cloud-workstation`, open a terminal with root or sudo privileges and use the `service` command:

```
service scyld-cloud-workstation start
service scyld-cloud-workstation stop
service scyld-cloud-workstation restart
```

To run `scyld-cloud-workstation` directly rather than as a service (this is usually only useful for debugging purposes), use the `scyld-cloud-workstation.sh` start-up script. Usage information can be obtained by passing the `--help` flag.

```
usage: scyld-cloud-workstation OPTIONS
scyld-cloud-workstation -- a GPU accelerated remote desktop web service.

--daemon                Run application as a daemon.
--pidfile=path          Write the process ID of the
                        application to given file.
-h, --help              display help information on command
                        line arguments
-vsvideosource, --videosource=videosource choose videosource (nvfbc, stream)
-q, --quiet             hide the console when running
-pwd, --passwd          update the password
```

## 10.2 Using the Windows Service

To use the `scyld-cloud-workstation` service, we must verify that the service is registered with the OS and then start the service.

### 10.2.1 Open a Command Prompt as an Administrator

1. Sign in as a user that is an Administrator.
2. Click on the Windows Start menu.
3. In the Search box, type `Command Prompt`, but don't hit `Enter` just yet.

4. Right-click on the Command Prompt and select `Run as administrator`.

### 10.2.2 Register the Windows Service

To register the windows service, use the `scyld-cloud-workstation.exe` command:

```
scyld-cloud-workstation.exe /registerService /startup=automatic
```

The `scyld-cloud-workstation` service will now automatically start on reboot.

**Note:** Service registration should already be handled by the installer. If you see the message below, verify that `scyld-cloud-workstation` has been properly installed. This is usually a sign that the `PATH` environment variables are not pointing at the `scyld-cloud-workstation.exe`.

```
'scyld-cloud-workstation.exe' is not recognized as an internal or  
external command, operable program or batch file.
```

### 10.2.3 Start and Stop the Windows Service

To start and stop the registered windows service without rebooting, use the `net` command:

```
net start scyld-cloud-workstation  
net stop scyld-cloud-workstation
```

## 10.3 Using the MacOS Service

To start, stop, restart or check the status of the `scyld-cloud-workstation` service, open a terminal and go to the `/Applications/scyld-cloud-workstation.app/Contents/MacOS` directory. Next, run the application with the `--service` flag with `sudo` privileges:

```
# Change to the application directory  
cd /Applications/scyld-cloud-workstation.app/Contents/MacOS  
  
# Start the service  
sudo ./scyld-cloud-workstation --service start  
  
# Stop the service  
sudo ./scyld-cloud-workstation --service stop  
  
# Restart the service  
sudo ./scyld-cloud-workstation --service restart  
  
# Check the status of the service  
sudo ./scyld-cloud-workstation --service status
```

## 10.4 Manually running the MacOS audio server (advanced)

The Scyld Cloud Workstation audio server is usually launched after a user logs in to MacOS (assuming it has been added to Login Items for that user). If this is not the case, one alternative way to temporarily launch the audio server is to open a terminal and run these commands:

```
# Change to the application directory
cd /Applications/scyld-cloud-workstation.app/Contents/MacOS

# Start the audio server
./scyld-cloud-workstation --audio-server
```

## 10.5 Change the Config File Password

Scyld Cloud Workstation lets you optionally store a username and hashed password in the config file for authentication. The credentials specified by `Server.Auth.Username` and `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` attributes are entirely independent from LDAP, the remote operating system, and `ScyldCloudAuth`.

To set the password, verify that the `Server.Auth.Username` and `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` tags exist **and are uncommented** in the config file (i.e., surrounded by `<!--` and `-->`).

If these tags do not already exist, insert both of them and set a value for `Server.Auth.Username`. For example:

```
<Server>
  ...
  <Auth>
    ...
    <Username>admin</Username>
    <ShadowPassword></ShadowPassword>
    ...
  </Auth>
  ...
</Server>
```

You can then change this password by opening a terminal, changing to the directory of the Scyld Cloud Workstation binary, and running `scyld-cloud-workstation` with an OS-specific `passwd` flag:

```
# Linux:
sudo scyld-cloud-workstation.sh --passwd

# Windows (as an Administrator):
scyld-cloud-workstation.exe /passwd

# MacOS:
sudo scyld-cloud-workstation --passwd
```

The password change takes effect immediately.

Password strength requirements are described in the Setup chapter under *[Server.Auth.ShadowPassword](#)*.

---

**Important:** This only changes the `Server.Auth.ShadowPassword` entry in the config file. It does not change the passwords used by the remote operating system, LDAP, or `ScyldCloudAuth`.

---

## 10.6 Log Output

Log output is organized by priority levels (from highest to lowest: Fatal, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, Information, Debug, and Trace). `scyld-cloud-workstation` by default prints Information level messages to `/var/log/messages`.

Setting `LogLevel` to `information` will log all server starts/stops, sign-in attempts, socket connects/disconnects, video source plays/pauses, and additional warning/error messages. This is usually sufficient for production usage.

To see debug and higher level output, open the `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` config file and set `LogLevel` to `debug`.

The most useful log files for Scyld Cloud Workstation can be found at these locations:

```
# Linux:
/opt/scyld-cloud-workstation/bin/scyld-cloud-workstation.log.

# Windows:
C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\log\scyld-cloud-workstation.log
C:\Program Files\Penguin Computing\Scyld Cloud Workstation\log\win-service.log.

# MacOS:
/var/log/com.penguincomputing.scyld-cloud-workstation/scyld-cloud-workstation.log
```

---

**Note:** You can change the path of the output by opening the `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` config file and setting `Server.LogFile` to a new destination.

---

By default, Scyld Cloud Workstation does not display a timestamp with each log message. To add a timestamp to all of your output, open the `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` and set `LogFormat` to: `%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S %q%q: %s:%u: %t`.

## 10.7 Selecting a Video Source

Scyld Cloud Workstation currently supports two video sources: `nvfb` and `stream`.

For most users an appropriate default video source will be automatically detected based on the system's configuration. Hosts that have an NVIDIA GRID card with a compatible NVIDIA GRID driver installed default to `nvfb`. All other systems will default to `stream`.

To override the video source, specify `--videosource=<nvfb|stream>` or change `Server.VideoSource` in the config file.

## 10.8 Sign In

Once the Scyld Cloud Workstation server has started, users can connect their networked client to the server by typing the server's URL into the web browser. Servers using the HTTPS protocol (default) have URLs like this: `https://<server-hostname-or-ip>`.

This will take you to the Scyld Cloud Workstation sign in page. Submit the username and password encrypted in the config file or by `ScyldCloudAuth` to sign in.

As a third option, you can use your OS specific credentials to sign in.

---

**Important:** While config file or `ScyldCloudAuth` usernames can be used to sign in to Scyld Cloud Workstation at any time, only a single set of OS credentials can only be used to sign-in at a time. This prevents different OS credentials from signing in at the same time.



After signing in you will see a gray canvas that will turn into a remote visualization display within a few seconds. At this point you can interact with the remote operating system. Other users will be prevented from signing into the web service until you sign out.

## 10.9 Main Toolbar

The main toolbar gives access to additional Scyld Cloud Workstation features such as signing out. This menu can be hidden or shown by pressing `Ctrl+F12` or using the hide/show button at the bottom of the screen.

### 10.9.1 Toggle Audio

Click on the `Toggle Audio` button to begin streaming the default audio output device of the remote server. The default output device can then be managed through your remote operating system's audio device interface.

---

**Note:** Pulseaudio version 10.0+ is required for Linux users.

---

### 10.9.2 Ctrl+Alt+Del

Key-combinations such as `Ctrl+N`, `Ctrl+W`, and `Ctrl+T` are not relayed to Scyld Cloud Workstation in most browsers. Chrome users can work around this issue by running Chrome in “app mode” by appending the `--app=<url>` flag when calling it from a command line or shortcut.

Key-combinations such as `Ctrl-Alt-Del` are intercepted by the client OS and must be sent to Scyld Cloud Workstation via control buttons.

### 10.9.3 Settings Menu

The Settings Menu provides options for toggling the fullscreen state and selecting between three video quality settings (native client users only). If video is being downscaled it will also provide a status message.

Higher quality settings will result in better color accuracy at the cost of higher bandwidth usage and lower frame-rates. The three video quality settings are: `normal` (lossy with best frame-rate and lowest bandwidth usage), `visually lossless` (close to lossless quality with better frame rates and lower bandwidth usage), and `truly lossless`.

---

**Important:** Enabling lossless video on a downscaled video may improve image quality, but is not truly lossless.

---

---

**Important:** Currently only `normal` video quality is available when multiple users are signed in.

---

### 10.9.4 User Tools Menu

The User Tools Menu provides options for inviting guests, pausing guest video streams, and removing all guests and cancelling guest invites.

## 10.10 Paste Text from the Local Clipboard

Text can be pasted from the local client into the remote desktop.

To paste text from a local Linux / Windows clipboard into the remote Linux / Windows desktop, press `Ctrl+V`.

To paste text from a local MacOS clipboard to the remote Linux / Windows desktop, use your browser's menu system to select `Edit -> Paste`. This transfers the local clipboard to the remote clipboard. Once this is done, you can use `Ctrl+V` or use your remote application's paste feature.

---

**Note:** Only characters that are supported by both the client and server can be pasted.

---

## 10.11 Change Screen Resolution

**Warning:** Changing screen resolutions has one known issues:

1. **Multiple rapid resolution changes may lead to service instability.** Changing the screen resolution more than 5 times over a few seconds may cause the service to restart or quit.

In Linux, if you are using a first generation NVIDIA GRID card (i.e., K1, K2) in a headless configuration (i.e. you are using the `UseDisplayDevice none` option in your `/etc/X11/xorg.conf` file), you will have to open a command prompt and use the `xrandr --fb <width>x<height>` command. For example, if you'd like to change the screen resolution to 1920x1080, you would enter: `xrandr --fb 1920x1080`.

Otherwise change your screen resolution by using the provided Linux OS tools (dependent on distribution).

In Windows, right click on the desktop and select `Screen resolution`. Change the resolution dropdown to your desired resolution and then click 'OK'.

## 10.12 Downscale Screen Resolution

System administrators have the ability to restrict the maximum screen resolution in the config file at `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml` using the `Server.Video.MaxWidth` and `Server.Video.MaxHeight` settings. This is useful for preventing clients from being overwhelmed by the processing power required to work with high-resolution video.

If the user attempts to use a higher screen resolution, the user will get an alert and the video will be scaled down.

## 10.13 Enable 4K Support

As of v7.0.0 it is possible to support 4K desktops with the native, non-browser based client. This feature is not enabled by default and requires a configuration file change to disable the default screen size and bitrate caps. We recommend having a downlink of at least 20 Mbps to support the increased screen size.

In future releases 4K support will be enabled automatically.

---

**Note:** If you are not going to use 4K resolutions then leave the following settings at their defaults by commenting them out or deleting them from the config file. The default screen size and bitrate caps are used to ensure a good user experience for slower clients.

---

The following steps enable 4K support:

1. Open the xml config file.
2. Add the `Server.Video.MaxWidth` and `Server.Video.MaxHeight` tags with the value set to `-1` to disable the resolution cap.
3. Save the config file and restart the service.

---

**Note:** NVIDIA GRID products (such as a Tesla M60) require an NVIDIA Quadro Virtual Datacenter Workstation license to use 4K resolutions. Contact NVIDIA for more information.

---

## 10.14 Configure Video Bit-Rate

As of v9.1.9, the default video bit-rate is calculated by using a linear regression of two values: 3000 kbps at 1280x720 and 6000 kbps at 1920x1080. A system administrator can customize bit-rates for different resolutions by adding two or more resolution and bit-rate pairings within the `Server.Video.AvgBitRate` config file setting. The syntax is as follows:

```
<width>x<height>=<bitrate>,<width>x<height>=<bitrate>,...
```

Example 1: the following is equivalent to the default bit-rate values: `1280x720=3000k,1920x1080=6000k`.

Example 2: the following can be used to specify a single average bit-rate setting across all resolutions: `1024x768=2m,1600x900=2m`.

The linear regression algorithm is based on the two closest resolutions to allow a fine-grained bit-rate control. If the value only specifies one resolution and bit-rate, the service will use the specified average bit-rate for all resolutions.

## 10.15 Sign Out

Linux, Windows, and MacOS users must change users by using the remote OS's log out / log in feature. Scyld Cloud Workstation does not support "fast user switching" and the service must be restarted if this happens.

Closing your browser or signing out of the Scyld Cloud Workstation session does not sign you out of the remote operating system. Use the remote OS's signing-out capability to sign out of the remote OS.



## COLLABORATION

Multiple users can now share control of the same desktop. There are two types of users in this case: regular Host users and temporary Guest users.

Hosts are fully trusted users who have an account on the system and have complete control over what a Guest can access. An ongoing session begins when one Host is signed in and ends when the last Host leaves. All Guests and Invites are removed when an ongoing session ends.

Guests are users who are invited to join an ongoing session. As a Host, this can be useful when you want to share a workstation with a remote colleague who should not have a permanent account on the system.

This section describes how a Host adds and manages Guest users.

---

**Important:** The Guest alerts and interface buttons described below are not visible in fullscreen mode.

---

### 11.1 Set the maximum number of concurrent clients

By default the server only allows 6 users to be signed on at any given time. This number can be changed by a system administrator by adding a `Server.MultiUser.MaxClientCount` setting in the config file at `scyld-cloud-workstation.xml`.

### 11.2 Collaboration Quick Start

At a high level, adding a new guest involves three steps:

1. A Host creates an Invite Link and sends it to Guest users
2. A Guest opens the Invite Link, enters a Guest name, and attempts to sign in
3. A Host accepts the Guest's sign in request

Hosts can use the control buttons to pause video to all Guests or ban all Guests and revoke all pending Invites. Hosts can also click on user buttons to kick individual Guests or give keyboard and mouse control.

### 11.3 Control Buttons

At the top of the screen there are a row of buttons that allow you to type special keys such as `Ctrl + Alt + Del`, add guests, pause all guest video, ban all guests, and sign out. Press `Ctrl + F12` to show / hide these buttons.

## 11.4 Add New Guests

Hosts can invite a group of guests by creating an Invite Link. Click on the ‘Add Guests’ button.

In the form that appears, specify how many guest sign ins you’d like this link to be good for. It is best practice to select the minimum number you will need.

The next form will show the generated Invite Link. Copy and send this link to Guest users and then close the form.

<p><b>Warning:</b> Anyone who receives an Invite Link can request Guest access to your system. While these links expire over time and are limited by how often they can be used it is best practice to keep this link confidential.</p>
---

When Guests use this link to request a sign in, an alert will appear to all Hosts asking whether the user should be Accepted or Declined.

---

**Important:** It is best practice to verify the incoming user’s identity via a phone call, text message, or other trusted communication channel.

---

When a Guest signs in, their username becomes reserved until all Hosts sign out. Guest usernames must be unique and consist of only letters, numbers, and underscores. Once the session ends, all Guest usernames are freed again for use.

## 11.5 Pause Guest Video

Guest video can be toggled by clicking on the ‘Pause Guests’ button.

## 11.6 Ban Guests and Revoke Invites

Guests can be banned for the session either individually or all at the same time using the ‘Ban Guests’ button. Hosts can not be banned.

## 11.7 User Buttons

At the bottom of the screen there are a row of buttons containing usernames and status icons. The first button will always be “You”, indicating the user button for the user signing in. Clicking on the user button will show status information (including frame rate) and actions that can be taken on that user, such as banning or giving keyboard / mouse control.

Usernames that end with an asterisk are Hosts. Press `Ctrl + F12` to show / hide these buttons.

## 11.8 Give Keyboard and Mouse Control

A Host can give any other user control of the keyboard and mouse using the ‘Give Keyboard and Mouse Control’ button.

## PERFORMANCE

Playback performance depends on three bottlenecks (in order of significance): network quality, client load, and server load. In this section we talk about each of these and how to determine which bottleneck requires attention.

### 12.1 Network Quality

Network quality can be measured as a combination of latency, throughput, and stability. When determining network quality you may want to run Scyld Cloud Workstation on its own to guarantee that other applications or clients are not consuming large amounts of network resources at the same time.

Latency between the client and server can be measured using `ping` times. Acceptable latency depends on the applications being used. CAD users, for example, may find `ping` times up to 150 ms to be quite usable and 300 ms to be usable for sporadic use. Testing and demoing of applications like Google Earth are typically over 802.11g connections with `ping` times of 30-80 ms.

When running fullscreen animations at 1440x900, Scyld Cloud Workstation has a typical throughput consumption of 4 Mbps. Throughput consumption drops dramatically when pixels on the screen do not change. We conservatively recommend 5.5 Mbps. This is typically not a bottleneck for Scyld Cloud Workstation since it's common for clients and servers to have more than 4 Mbps of bandwidth, but it is still worth remembering.

### 12.2 Client Load

Decoding is largely dependent on the web browser implementation and the CPU performance of the client. We recommend using Chrome as it performs best with Scyld Cloud Workstation in testing.

CPU performance depends on the hardware and the load on the system. We test on modern CPUs such as the multi-core Intel i5s and i7s from 2011 and later. When evaluating playback performance, verify that other applications are not also consuming large amounts of CPU time.

Decreasing screen resolution on the server-side is another option for reducing load on the client. While we recommend 1600x900, users may find that 1280x720 offers a better overall experience.

If you are running the non-WebGL version of Scyld Cloud Workstation, performance is expected to be considerably slower (depending on the CPU). Lowering the remote server's screen resolution and using Chrome is strongly recommended in this case.

### 12.3 Server Load

Server load is typically not a large bottleneck since Scyld Cloud Workstation does not consume much server-side CPU time. GPU consumption does increase, but for NVIDIA GRID cards the display capture and encoding is done on a

part of the GPU that is independent of computation.

## 12.4 Further Help

If you have additional questions about performance, please contact Penguin Computing at [support@penguincomputing.com](mailto:support@penguincomputing.com).



## FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS / TROUBLESHOOTING

### 13.1 Why does my MacOS display not go to sleep?

Scyld Cloud Workstation prevents Display Sleep from happening in MacOS using an application called `caffeinate`. This is to prevent the computer from going to sleep, which would make Scyld Cloud Workstation inaccessible.

### 13.2 How do I use reserved keyboard shortcuts such as Command-Space?

Command-Space is a common keyboard shortcut in MacOS used to access Spotlight. This can conflict with the CentOS 7 equivalent keyboard combination of Super-Space, which is used to a change of the keyboard layout.

Currently the only workaround that will let you transmit Command-Space and a few other keyboard shortcuts reserved by the OS is to disable the keyboard shortcut locally.

### 13.3 Starting the service in Linux results in “X11 connection rejected because of wrong authentication.”

The message indicates there’s an X permissions issue. This may be due to a missing X11 magic cookie in your user’s `$HOME/.Xauthority` file.

To add the missing X11 magic cookie value, first determine the display number used by `linuxuser`:

```
linuxuser@host:~$ echo $DISPLAY
host:21.0
```

In this example it is `21.0`. Next, display `linuxuser`’s list of cookies:

```
linuxuser@host:~$ xauth list
host/unix:1 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 51a3801fd7776704575752f09015c61d
host/unix:21 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 0ba2913f8d9df0ee9eda295cad7b1010
host/unix:22 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 33cd4803819fca0ef8297dba308ceeee
```

The cookie for the `21.0` display is the second in the list.

Next, log in as `root` and add this particular cookie to the root’s `.Xauthority` file with the `xauth` command:

```
root@host:~$ xauth add host/unix:21 MIT-MAGIC-COOKIE-1 0ba2913f8d9df0ee9eda295cad7b1010
```

Finally, try restarting X and check if Scyld Cloud Workstation is running.

## 13.4 My image is very pixelated. How do I improve image quality?

Increasing the `Server.Video.AvgBitRate` values will improve image quality at the cost of higher bandwidth. For example, if you want to increase the average bit rate at 1080p to 10 Mbps and you have sufficient bandwidth on the server and client side, we recommend setting `Server.Video.AvgBitRate` to the following:

```
1280x720=5000k, 1920x1080=10000k
```

You may want to experiment for your particular use case. Setting this value too high may render the system slow or unusable for servers and clients with poor bandwidth.

## 13.5 My desktop is flickering between a dark gray screen and my desktop!

This is a known issue with older versions of Firefox (such as 52.4.0) and has been observed in CentOS 7. Please update to 60.8 or whatever the latest available version of Firefox.

## 13.6 When I fullscreen the remote desktop in Firefox my screen is cropped!

As a workaround, first exit fullscreen. Now try using the Firefox menu to zoom out until the entire remote desktop window fits and then use the fullscreen option.

## 13.7 How do I create non-standard resolutions in Windows with an NVIDIA GPU?

It is important to use the NVIDIA Control Panel to change to a non-standard resolution. Using the Windows Display Manager will result in a corrupt desktop image.

## 13.8 What do I do if Windows shows a black screen instead of a login screen?

We've observed in Windows 2012 that the login screen will occasionally not appear until you hit the 'Escape' key.

## 13.9 Why does Google Chrome 61-62 show inaccurate colors?

Newer versions of Google Chrome (Chrome 61 and 62) use the ICC profile provided by the local OS rather than forcing its own color profile. This may make the colors appear different from what you may see in other browsers or in the Native Client.

As a workaround you can enter `chrome://flags/#force-color-profile` in your Chrome URL bar and select `sRGB` from the dropdown. Then close and restart Chrome.

## 13.10 How many users can sign in at a time?

Scyld Cloud Workstation currently supports multiple signed in users at a time. Currently this defaults to 6. This value can be changed in the config XML file via the *Server.MultiUser.MaxClientCount* option.

## 13.11 Can LDAP credentials be used at the sign in page?

Yes. There are two ways to support this.

Traditionally support for LDAP currently comes as part of the Scyld-Cloud-Manager package. Scyld Cloud Workstation can be configured to authenticate through Scyld-Cloud-Auth, which can talk to LDAP. To connect to a Scyld-Cloud-Auth service, open the config file, set *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.URL*, and add one or more Username elements to the *Server.Auth.ScyldCloudAuth.Allow*.

As of v6.1.0, Scyld Cloud Workstation passes credentials directly to the remote operating system. This feature is enabled by default, but it can be disabled by setting *Server.Auth.OSAuthEnabled* to *false*.

## 13.12 I'm only seeing a gray rectangle.

This is either caused by caching problems in the browser, an unsupported screen resolution, or an unexpected error between the client and server.

Try signing out, opening a new web browser, and trying again. If the problem persists, check the web browser's JavaScript Console and the Scyld Cloud Workstation log file (Linux: `/var/log/messages`) for errors.

If the JavaScript Console shows an error message containing `net::ERR_CERT_AUTHORITY_INVALID` in Chrome, you may want to try Firefox or reset Chrome to its original factory settings.

If you are a CentOS user, verify that Xorg is running on `DISPLAY :0` by running `ps aux | grep X`. If you do not see a line that looks like `Xorg :0`, you may need to restart X by running `init 3` and `init 5` in CentOS.

If you are a Windows user and you are using the NvFBC videosource, verify that NvFBC is enabled by running `NvFBCEnable.exe -checkstatus` as an Administrator. If it is disabled, you can enable it with the `NvFBCEnable.exe -enable` command.

## 13.13 How do I press Ctrl+Alt+Del?

There is a shortcut button for this keyboard combination at the bottom of the Scyld Cloud Workstation video screen.

## 13.14 How do I press Ctrl+N, Ctrl+T, Ctrl+W, Ctrl+Tab, Ctrl+Page Up, or Ctrl+Page Down?

This is typically when web browsers reserve these keyboard shortcuts. One workaround is to install the latest version of our native client, Scyld Cloud Workstation Client. Chrome users can try another workaround, described below.

By default, Google Chrome (aka Chromium) intercepts certain specific keyboard combinations before Scyld Cloud Workstation can receive them. There is a special "app mode" available for Chrome users that can be activated at the command line by appending the `--app=<url>` flag. For example:

```
google-chrome --app=https://host/
```

This will open a borderless Chrome browser that will relay many of these key combinations to Scyld Cloud Workstation. If this is something you will do often, we recommend creating a shortcut with a flag to your Scyld Cloud Workstation host.

---

**Note:** Certain keyboard combinations, such as Ctrl+Alt+Del and Alt+Tab are intercepted by the client operating system and are not relayed to the Scyld Cloud Workstation interface.

---

## 13.15 What ports do I need to open?

By default, Scyld Cloud Workstation must be able to accept incoming requests over HTTPS port 443 (or port 80 if you are using HTTP).

## 13.16 Can I run my applications?

Scyld Cloud Workstation is completely unaware of what applications are being run on the remote operating system. In other words, if your application can run directly on the remote host, it can be displayed on Scyld Cloud Workstation.

## 13.17 Will it run on my iPad / mobile device?

We do not yet officially support iPad or mobile devices, but we have had some success getting view-only functionality to work with an iPhone SE.

## 13.18 Is there audio support?

Yes. As of v10.0 we support dual channel audio.

## 13.19 Can I cut, copy, and paste?

You can copy text from the local desktop to the remote desktop. See *Paste Text from the Local Clipboard* for more information.

## 13.20 What graphics cards do you support?

See *Server Hardware*.

## 13.21 How many NVIDIA GRID GPUs do I need?

As of v5.0, NVIDIA GRID GPUs are no longer required to run Scyld Cloud Workstation.

## 13.22 What Xorg.conf options do I need for an NVIDIA GRID / Tesla card over GPU passthrough?

First, find the appropriate BusID for your graphics card using the following command:

```
nvidia-xconfig --query-gpu-info | awk '/PCI BusID/{print $4}'
PCI:27:1:0
```

The BusID in this example is PCI:27:1:0. (Note: other tools such as lspci show the bus ID in a hexadecimal format that must be manually converted to decimal format).

For older NVIDIA GRID cards (K1 or K2) add the BusID and the “UseDisplayDevice” “none” option. Modify the Xorg.conf file so that the Device and Screen sections look similar to the following:

```
Section "Device"
    Identifier      "Device0"
    Driver          "nvidia"
    VendorName      "NVIDIA Corporation"
    BusID           "PCI:27:01:0"
EndSection

Section "Screen"
    Identifier      "Screen0"
    Device          "Device0"
    Monitor         "Monitor0"
    DefaultDepth    24
    Option          "UseDisplayDevice" "none"
    SubSection      "Display"
        Virtual     1440 900
        Depth       24
    EndSubSection
EndSection
```

For NVIDIA Tesla M60 users add the BusID (note: the syntax below is also valid). You may also want to specify a DPI (as needed) if images on the screen appear too wide or narrow. Modify the Xorg.conf file so that the Device section looks similar to the following:

```
Section "Device"
    Identifier      "Device0"
    Driver          "nvidia"
    VendorName      "NVIDIA Corporation"
    BoardName       "Tesla M60"
    BusID           "PCI:27:01:0"
    Option          "DPI" "96x96"
EndSection
```



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1.2 "Master Node" means the computer or computers designated as the Master Node(s) in the applicable End User purchase order, where the Software is initially installed and from which the total number of computers comprising the Clustered System are managed.

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Specifically, the GPL parts of FFmpeg are:

```
libpostproc
optional x86 optimization in the files
  libavcodec/x86/flac_dsp_gpl.asm
  libavcodec/x86/idct_mmx.c
  libavfilter/x86/vf_removegrain.asm
the following building and testing tools
  compat/solaris/make_sunver.pl
```

```

doc/t2h.pm
doc/txi2pod.pl
libswresample/swresample-test.c
tests/checkasm/*
tests/tiny_ssim.c
the following filters in libavfilter:
vf_blackframe.c
vf_boxblur.c
vf_colormatrix.c
vf_cover_rect.c
vf_cropdetect.c
vf_delogo.c
vf_eq.c
vf_find_rect.c
vf_fspp.c
vf_geq.c
vf_histeq.c
vf_hqdn3d.c
vf_interlace.c
vf_kerndeint.c
vf_mcdeint.c
vf_mpdecimate.c
vf_owdenoise.c
vf_perspective.c
vf_phase.c
vf_pp.c
vf_pp7.c
vf_pullup.c
vf_repeatfields.c
vf_sab.c
vf_smartblur.c
vf_spp.c
vf_stereo3d.c
vf_super2xsai.c
vf_tinterlace.c
vf_uspp.c
vsrc_mptestsrc.c

```

Should you, for whatever reason, prefer to use version 3 of the (L)GPL, then the configure parameter `--enable-version3` will activate this licensing option for you. Read the file `COPYING.LGPLv3` or, if you have enabled GPL parts, `COPYING.GPLv3` to learn the exact legal terms that apply in this case.

There are a handful of files under other licensing terms, namely:

The files `libavcodec/jfdctfst.c`, `libavcodec/jfdctint_template.c` and `libavcodec/jrevdct.c` are taken from `libjpeg`, see the top of the files for licensing details. Specifically note that you must credit the IJG in the documentation accompanying your program if you only distribute executables. You must also indicate any changes including additions and deletions to those three files in the documentation. `tests/reference.pnm` is under the `expat` license.

External libraries

FFmpeg can be combined with a number of external libraries, which sometimes affect the licensing of binaries resulting from the combination. Compatible libraries

The following libraries are under GPL:

```
frei0r
libcdio
librubberband
libvidstab
libx264
libx265
libxavs
libxvid
```

When combining them with FFmpeg, FFmpeg needs to be licensed as GPL as well by passing `--enable-gpl` to configure.

The OpenCORE and VisualOn libraries are under the Apache License 2.0. That license is incompatible with the LGPL v2.1 and the GPL v2, but not with version 3 of those licenses. So to combine these libraries with FFmpeg, the license version needs to be upgraded by passing `--enable-version3` to configure. Incompatible libraries

There are certain libraries you can combine with FFmpeg whose licenses are not compatible with the GPL and/or the LGPL. If you wish to enable these libraries, even in circumstances that their license may be incompatible, pass `--enable-nonfree` to configure. But note that if you enable any of these libraries the resulting binary will be under a complex license mix that is more restrictive than the LGPL and that may result in additional obligations. It is possible that these restrictions cause the resulting binary to be unredistributable.

The Fraunhofer FDK AAC and OpenSSL libraries are under licenses which are incompatible with the GPLv2 and v3. To the best of our knowledge, they are compatible with the LGPL.

The NVENC library, while its header file is licensed under the compatible MIT license, requires a proprietary binary blob at run time, and is deemed to be incompatible with the GPL. We are not certain if it is compatible with the LGPL, but we require `--enable-nonfree` even with LGPL configurations in case it is not.

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